



Health Premiums To Spike for Alaska Workers and Small Business Owners If Enhanced Health Care Tax Credits Are Not Made Permanent



Millions of Americans will see their health insurance premiums skyrocket — more than double on average, with many paying not just hundreds but thousands of dollars more for health coverage — and roughly 4 million people will lose coverage altogether, if Congress fails to prevent key tax credits from expiring in December 2025.²

Nearly 22 million Americans benefit from premium tax credits that help them afford comprehensive health coverage, including 25,170 Alaskans who purchase a health plan from Alaska's health care marketplace, HealthCare.gov.³ These tax credits are a lifeline for workers and their families, including those with serious and chronic health conditions like diabetes, heart disease, and cancer who need access to regular care to stay healthy and keep working when they don't get insurance through their job. But if Congress does not intervene, these workers will enter the annual open enrollment period for health coverage on November 1 and be hit with premiums that may be double or triple what they paid last year, with no guarantee that any tax credit relief will be available to them later. The ripple effect on Alaska's families, communities, and local economies will be devastating.

Premiums Will Skyrocket for Alaskans if Congress Does Not Act



\$1,678

ANNUAL PREMIUM INCREASE, INDIVIDUAL, MID-40s MAKING \$39.100



\$43,589

ANNUAL PREMIUM INCREASE, - COUPLE, EARLY 60s EARNING \$105,984



Premium tax credits help working people and local economies

Millions of American workers who don't get coverage on-the-job or through Medicaid or Medicare qualify for premium tax credits for a plan on healthcare.gov or a state marketplace if their current household income is at least \$15,060 for an individual or \$31,200 for a family of four, and they do not have other options for affordable health coverage (for 2026, the minimum incomes are \$15,650 for an individual, \$32,150 for a family of four). This includes small business owners and their employees; retail and restaurant workers; child care and home care aides; ride share and food delivery drivers; independent contractors; people working in seasonal or time-limited jobs like tourism, entertainment, fishing and farming; and others who just need to buy coverage out-of-pocket.

To help families struggling with rapidly rising health care costs, Congress took steps in recent years to enhance the premium tax credits, limiting the cost of a typical plan to no more than 8.5% of a household's income, and providing increased affordability for those with lower incomes, on a sliding scale. These improvements bolstered marketplace enrollment, reduced the uninsured rate, and enabled many people to cut their deductibles in half.⁵ Today, the average premium cost for marketplace plans is \$636, but with a premium tax credit, that drops to only \$179.⁶ But all that progress is now in jeopardy.

If the enhanced tax credits expire, Americans who can no longer afford their coverage will be forced to delay or skip needed health care or take on medical debt. The health insurance marketplaces will be destabilized, left with a smaller and sicker insurance pool leading to further premium increases for everyone. Health care providers will face spikes in uncompensated care and state economies will suffer. People in rural communities and in states that have not expanded Medicaid will be hit especially hard, as they have even fewer options for affordable coverage.

A brewing storm: devastating premium hikes

People are already feeling the effects of the uncertainty Congress has created in failing to act sooner. Across the country, on average, 2026 gross premium rates in the individual market are 26% higher than last year. These prices are partially due to policy changes like the passage of H.R. 1, which cut \$1 trillion from our health care system while failing to extend the enhanced premium tax credits. As a result, insurers are trying to stem the losses they anticipate will result from millions of people being forced to drop their coverage because they can no longer afford it.

Without the current tax credit to offset the impact of these high premiums, American workers face a double whammy of much higher out-of-pocket costs and much lower financial support. The amount that people currently pay for premiums varies by age and income, so the impact of the expiring tax credits on families and individuals will vary as well. But the pain of significant premium increases will be felt by people in all sorts of life circumstances.¹⁰

For example, in Alaska:

- Single individuals in their mid-40s making \$39,100 would see their annual premiums increase by \$1,678 next year.¹¹
- Couples in their early 60s earning \$105,984 would see their annual premiums increase by about \$43,589 next year.¹²



HOW TAX CREDITS HELP REAL PEOPLE: JONATHAN'S STORY

The numbers are compelling, but so too are the stories of the real people who rely on premium tax credits for their health and financial wellbeing.

Jonathan¹³ shared how enhanced premium tax credits have made coverage affordable for his family of five. He worries that this will no longer be the case if the credits are allowed to expire.

"My son had a scary neurological event last summer that has required a lot of testing and specialist visits. Thanks to the health care subsidies, we have been able to afford insurance the last few years and get him the care he needed. Now he's doing great and pitching in his Little League tournament ... But if the new changes go into effect, I'm pretty sure we won't be able to afford health care coverage here in Alaska next year," Jonathan said.

His experience shows how critical these tax credits are for Alaskan families trying to stay insured and keep their children healthy.



CALL TO ACTION

Congress Must Act Now to Make Premium Tax Credits Permanent

This is a crisis of Congress' making, and only Congress has the power to stop these massive premium increases from harming the health and financial security of millions of Americans. Small business owners, workers, and families caught in uncertainty need Congress to act NOW to permanently extend the enhanced premium tax credits.

To find your elected officials, click here: https://www.usa.gov/elected-officials.

For more information, contact Cheryl Fish-Parcham at cparcham@familiesusa.org.

Endnotes

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- ³ Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. "2025 Marketplace Open Enrollment Period Public Use Files." May 12, 2025. https:// www.cms.gov/data-research/statistics-trends-reports/marketplace-products/2025-marketplace-open-enrollment-period-publicuse-files
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- ⁵ Bernadette Fernandez, Health Insurance Premium Tax Credit and Cost-Sharing Reductions (Congressional Research Service, updated February 14, 2024), https://crsreports.congress.gov/product/pdf/R/R44425; 26 U.S. Code § 36B; "2025 Marketplace Open Enrollment Period Public Use Files: 2025 OEP State-Level Public Use File (ZIP)," U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, last modified May 12, 2025, https://www.cms.gov/data-research/statistics-trends-reports/marketplace-products/2025marketplace-open-enrollment-period-public-use-files.
- ⁶ "2025 Marketplace Open Enrollment Period Public Use Files."
- ⁷ Leighton Ku, et al, Expiring ACA Premium Tax Credits Could Lead to Nearly 340,000 Jobs Lost Across the U.S. in 2026, Commonwealth Fund, October 2025. https://www.commonwealthfund.org/publications/issue-briefs/2025/oct/expiringpremium-tax-credits-lead-340000-jobs-lost-2026.
- ⁸ Urban Institute data tool, "Who Would Lose Coverage If Enhanced Premium Tax Credits Expire," November 14, 2024, https://www. urban.org/data-tools/health-insurance-premium-tax-credit
- ⁹ Cynthia Cox. "ACA Insurers Are Raising Premiums by an Estimated 26%, but Most Enrollees Could See Sharper Increases in What They Pay." Kaiser Family Foundation. October 28, 2025. https://www.kff.org/quick-take/aca-insurers-are-raising-premiums-by-anestimated-26-but-most-enrollees-could-see-sharper-increases-in-what-they-pay/.
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