





The Importance of Premium Tax Credits: Affording Health Insurance in Pennsylvania



Currently, nearly 20 million people across the United States get help paying for their health coverage through premium tax credits (also known as advance premium tax credits, or APTCs), which they can use to purchase a plan through the health insurance marketplaces. These tax credits are a lifeline for people who would otherwise not be able to afford their health coverage or access health care. But if Congress does not act, this assistance will be cut, and millions of people will face losing their health insurance, delaying or skipping needed health care, or taking on medical debt they cannot afford.



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June 2024 Fact Sheet

APTCs in America

Today, people seeking to purchase health insurance may qualify for APTCs if their household income is at least \$14,580 for an individual or \$30,000 for a family of four, they buy a plan offered on healthcare.gov or a state marketplace, and they do not have other options for affordable health coverage.¹ In light of the ongoing U.S. health care affordability crisis, and particularly in the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic, Congress has acted to bolster the amount of assistance available to people in recent years, increasing the premium tax credit amounts under the American Rescue Plan Act and extending those enhancements under the Inflation Reduction Act. These actions have saved individuals and families money in insurance premiums and enabled many to cut their deductibles in half.² But those enhancements are set to expire at the end of 2025, leaving many Americans at risk for significant losses.



IMPACT ON PENNSYLVANIA FAMILIES

In 2024, **378,000 Pennsylvanians** receive advance premium tax credits.³ The average monthly premium cost for marketplace plans is \$641, but after APTCs, the average monthly premium is \$180.*

\$180
AVERAGE MONTHLY PREMIUM WITH APTCS

AVERAGE MONTHLY PREMIUM WITHOUT APTCS

- >> The amount that people currently pay for premiums varies by age and income, but premiums for most families and individuals will **increase significantly** if the enhanced premium tax credits are allowed to expire.⁴
- >> Single individuals in their mid-40s making \$30,000 would see their premiums increase by \$1,350 per year.
- >> Couples in their early 6os earning \$80,000 would see their premiums increase by about \$15,900 per year.

 $^{^*}$ "2024 Marketplace Open Enrollment." The average monthly premium after APTCs solely among consumers receiving APTCs is even lower — \$133.



HOW TAX CREDITS HELP REAL PEOPLE: JENNY'S STORY

Jenny⁵ is 64 years old and lives in Boyerstown, PA. When her husband retired, Jenny was left without health insurance. A plan at full price was out of their price range but through the ACA marketplace and the enhanced subsidies, she has now enrolled in a plan with premium tax credits that costs her \$500 per month. About 18 months ago, she suffered a stroke. She is thankful for the ACA and subsidies that allowed her to get the care she needed to recover. When she had the stroke, she was hospitalized for a month and had to have two brain surgeries. The hospital bill came to over \$1 million dollars which would have bankrupted Jenny and her husband. It would have taken all their savings and the value of their house to pay for the care she needed. Because of the ACA, she's been able to focus on her recovery which is going very well.



CALL TO ACTION

Families from coast to coast cannot be left wondering if this critical assistance will be available to them the next time they need to renew their health insurance.

CONGRESS MUST ACT QUICKLY TO PERMANENTLY EXTEND APTC ENHANCEMENTS.

To find your elected officials, click here: https://www.usa.gov/elected-officials.

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