

**Affordable Care Act** 

# **Evaluating the Consumer Window-Shopping Experience in Health Insurance Marketplace Websites: A Comparative Analysis**

Today's consumers have four goals in mind when they visit marketplace websites to shop for health insurance: to easily understand and compare health plan options, find out if they are eligible for financial help in paying for premiums, and—ultimately—apply for a plan and enroll in health coverage. Our analysis of marketplace websites shows us that today's websites offer an uneven approach to meeting these goals. And, though the media have written extensively about website technical problems that have presented barriers to enrollment, this analysis does not evaluate the actual application and enrollment process.

Instead, we focus solely on the first two goals, which we call the "window-shopping" experience—the initial actions of browsing, information gathering, and comparing that a consumer takes *before* actually applying for and enrolling in health coverage.

This analysis also shares examples of best practices that can be helpful as marketplaces continue to improve their sites.

#### **What defines a successful window-shopping experience?**

Window shopping typically involves a consumer anonymously submitting a few pieces of basic information, such as income and family size, in order to gather enough information to take the final step of applying for a specific health plan. A successful consumer experience is defined by how efficiently and easily consumers are able to understand and compare plan options, get accurate information about financial assistance, and decide what they want to apply for.

### **?** Which health insurance marketplace websites does this analysis cover?

We reviewed all 16 state-run marketplace websites (including D.C.), along with the healthcare.gov site.

#### Which website features does this analysis evaluate?

In our analysis, we examined the shopping experience for a hypothetical family of four with an income of \$46,000. We assumed that the children had health coverage (in most states, they would be eligible for Medicaid or CHIP—the Children's Health Insurance Program), and that the parents were looking for a plan.\*

\*We varied this scenario slightly in some states when needed to view the shopping experience of parents who are eligible for premium assistance and cost-sharing help in marketplace plans.

In gauging an effective consumer experience, we determined that the following eight features were the most important for the consumer's information-gathering goals:



### Health plan details: browsing and comparing

We checked to see if people could browse and compare each plan before submitting personal information to apply, and also whether someone whose first language is not English could easily get information about plan options in other languages.

#### **FEATURE 1.**

#### Ability to preview information about different plans up front

What: Can consumers access basic plan information without divulging too much personal data?

Why: It can take time to create an account or submit an application for health insurance, and many consumers want to see and evaluate information about available health insurance plans before they apply.

#### **FEATURE 2.** Language assistance

**What:** Does the website feature the same content in Spanish as well as English? Does it prominently show how to get assistance in other languages?

Why: Some consumers need information presented in their primary language.

#### **Doctors and drugs:** viewing what is covered

Though all plans must cover certain essential benefits, they differ in the details, such as which doctors participate in each plan and which drugs the plan covers. Because these two examples are priority questions that most consumers want to know before applying, we focused on these. (Other details are also important—such as limitations or exclusions on services covered. The best websites prominently link to summaries of benefits and coverage and to more detailed information.)

#### **FEATURE 3. Provider directory**

What: Can consumers easily find and search plan provider directories?

Why: Consumers need to know if the doctors and other providers that they want to see participate in the plans they are considering. In some plans, if consumers use out-of-network providers, consumers' costs will be higher, or, in some cases, they may even have to pay the full cost.

#### **FEATURE 4. Covered drugs**

**What:** Can consumers easily find and search plan formularies?

Why: Consumers who take medication need to know which plans cover which drugs. If a plan does not cover the drug they need, consumers will want to talk to a plan representative and their doctor about whether another drug that is covered by the plan will work for them.

#### **Consumer costs:** how much will you pay?

Each plan has different monthly premiums, deductibles, copayments, and other costs that consumers must pay.

#### **FEATURE 5. Plan comparisons**

**What:** Can consumers easily view plans to compare premiums, deductibles, and copayments or co-insurance costs up front?

Why: Viewing plan details is one thing, but being able to view them in a format that lends itself to easy comparisons (for example, side-by-side) is even more important.

#### **FEATURE 6. Premium calculator**

**What:** Can consumers who are eligible for financial assistance get an estimate that includes both premium costs and the financial assistance amount?

Why: Some consumers are eligible to receive financial assistance to pay for part of their monthly premiums. Marketplace websites are required to feature online calculators that estimate this financial assistance. Some marketplaces may not allow consumers to view the amount of this assistance until they create an account, but the best websites provide that information up front.

#### FEATURE 7. Notice of lower consumer costs in silver-level plans for those with very low incomes

**What:** Are consumers with lower incomes informed that they

can get more financial assistance if they buy special silver-level plans?

Why: Some consumers with very low incomes can get extra financial assistance. They can buy special plans with lower deductibles, copayments, or co-insurance than the standard plans offered to the general public. These plans, known as "special silver-level plans," also have lower out-of-pocket limits for consumers and are a better value for those who qualify. We found that some websites did not clearly inform lower-income consumers that there were special silver-level plans that could lower their costs.

#### **FEATURE 8. Accuracy of cost savings in silver-level** plans for those with very low incomes

**What:** Do consumers with very low incomes get accurate information about their costs in these special silver-level plans?

Why: When they enroll in a special silver-level plan, a lowincome family will pay less in out-of-pocket costs than the general public. However, some websites do not accurately display these lower costs to low-income consumers. When lowerincome consumers click on plan comparisons or plan details, some websites display the costs that actually apply to higherincome consumers.

# How do health insurance marketplace window-shopping features compare?



This graphic analyzes how effectively all 16 state-run health insurance marketplace websites (including D.C.) and the federal *healthcare.gov* site allow consumers to gather basic information about different health plans before having to enter personal information and create an account to apply for a specific plan. We categorized the ability to browse and compare plan information, and to determine eligibility for financial assistance, into eight critical features, which are listed in the table below.

	THE WEBSITES	HEALTH PLAN: BROWSING AND COMPARING  1		DOCTORS & DRUGS: VIEW WHAT IS COVERED		CONSUMER COSTS: HOW MUCH WILL YOU PAY?			
*		PREVIEW PLAN INFO	LANGUAGE ASSISTANCE	PROVIDER DIRECTORY	COVERED DRUGS	SIDE-BY-SIDE PLAN COMPARISONS	PREMIUM CALCULATOR	SILVER PLAN NOTICE*	ACCURATE DEDUCTIBLE*
	California coveredca.com	•	•	•	$\bigcirc$	•		•	•
	Colorado connectforhealthco.com			•	•	•	•	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
	Connecticut accesshealthct.com	•	•	•	$\bigcirc$	•	•		•
	District of Columbia dchealthlink.com	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\circ$	$\bigcirc$	$\circ$		$\circ$	$\circ$
	Hawaii hawaiihealthconnector.com	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	•	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
	Kentucky kynect.ky.gov			•	•		$\circ$	$\bigcirc$	$\circ$
	Maryland marylandhealthconnection.gov	. 0	•	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\circ$	$\circ$	$\bigcirc$	$\circ$
	Massachusetts mahealthconnector.org		•				$\circ$		$\circ$

Minnesota mnsure.org		•	•	•			$\bigcirc$	
Nevada nevadahealthlink.com						$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
New Mexico bewellnm.com		•	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$			$\bigcirc$	
New York nystateofhealth.ny.gov	•		$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\circ$		$\bigcirc$	$\circ$
Oregon coveroregon.com	•		$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$			$\bigcirc$	
Rhode Island healthsourceri.com	•	•		$\circ$	•			
Vermont healthconnect.vermont.gov	•	•	•	•	•	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	
Washington wahealthplanfinder.org	•	•		$\circ$	•	•		•
healthcare.gov			•	•	•		$\bigcirc$	•

\*Since we used a hypothetical family that is eligible for both premium tax credits and cost-sharing reductions, we examined whether the special affordability of silver plans was prominently displayed and accurately represented.

Source: This graphic is based on Families USA's January 2014 online analysis, "Evaluating the Consumer Window-Shopping Experience in Health Insurance Marketplace Websites: A Comparative Analysis" http://familiesusa.org/marketplace-window-shopping

- Site has this feature.
- Site partially meets the standard:
  e.g., has either a Spanish-language
  website or explains how to get language
  assistance, but not both; plan directories
  are accessible but not presented in a
  consistent format.
- Site does not have this feature.
- Consumer-friendly / best practices

January 2014

FAMILIESUSA:

## Best practices across state-run health insurance marketplace websites

The graphic above shows whether each website has the eight basic features that we analyzed. A few states stood out as offering some particularly consumer-friendly features on their sites.

California [Covered California]: You can view the site in English or Spanish and get information sheets in many other languages. The site provides consumer-friendly explanations and graphics about what the plan levels mean and why people might want to choose plans in a particular level. People who qualify for cost-sharing help first get information about "enhanced silver plans." You can view side-by-side comparisons of plans in each plan level and click on a link for further details. After you finish window shopping, you can fill out a form in your preferred language so Covered California follows up.

Connecticut [Access Health CT]: All consumers must enter some basic information and can then browse plans before they apply. For people who are eligible for cost-sharing reductions, the site pre-filters silver-level plans and explains that the plans provide savings opportunities. On the side-by-side plan comparison feature, you can see an estimate of a family's total monthly premium and the price they would pay after premium tax credits. You can also search for providers and learn whether the plan is a PPO, HMO, or point of service plan. If the plan has been rated for quality, you can view the star quality rating as well. You can click for additional information about what you will pay for services (adjusted if you qualify cost-sharing reductions) and click on links for detailed plan information and plan documents. You can also click on links to "see if your

doctor is in network." However, these links take you to the plans' own websites, and we found the provider directories more easily on certain plan websites than others.

Rhode Island [Health Source RI]: You can view this website in English or Spanish. For low-income families, silver plans come up first. A chat feature allows you to talk to an expert. Side-by-side comparisons of plans show total monthly premiums, tax credits, the amount of premiums you will pay, and whether the plan is an HMO or PPO. You can also compare gold, silver, and bronze plans side by side to see what your copayments and deductibles would be like in each of these levels. You can click on a link to search for providers, although these links go to the plans' websites, and we found the provider directories more easily on certain plan websites than others.

Washington [Washington healthplanfinder]: A health plan "wizard" explains concepts that help you look at and filter your choices: "If you visit a doctor often, you may prefer a health plan in which you pay less when you use medical services but more each month for health insurance coverage. Are you interested in buying this type of plan?" or, "Do you prefer your primary care doctor to manage your health care or do you want to have more choices about which doctors you visit?" A standardized health care provider search function, maintained on the marketplace website, allows you to search for providers in each plan within a certain distance from your home. The side-by-side plan comparison feature allows you to view several details about each plan, including the plan's costs if you had a baby or were managing diabetes, and some quality of care information.

## List of marketplace websites that we analyzed:

California / coveredca.com

Colorado / connectforhealthco.com

Connecticut / accesshealthct.com

District of Columbia / dchealthlink.com

Hawaii / hawaiihealthconnector.com

Kentucky / kyenroll.ky.gov

Maryland / marylandhealthconnection.gov

Massachusetts / mahealthconnector.org

Minnesota / mnsure.org

Nevada / nevadahealthlink.com

New Mexico / bewellnm.com

New York / nystateofhealth.ny.gov

Oregon / coveroregon.com

Rhode Island / healthsourceri.com

Vermont / healthconnect.vermont.gov

Washington / wahealthplanfinder.org

healthcare.gov

For more Families USA publications visit: www.familiesusa.org/publications

Publication ID: 008ACT012014

This publication was written by: Cheryl Fish-Parcham, Deputy Director, Health Policy Sanjay Kishore, Villers Fellow

The following Families USA staff contributed to the preparation of this material (listed alphabetically):

Talia Schmidt, Editor

Evan Potler, Art Director

Carla Uriona, Director of Content Strategy

Ingrid Van Tuinen, Editorial Director

© Families USA 2014



1201 New York Avenue NW, Suite 1100 Washington, DC 20005 202-628-3030 info@familiesusa.org www.FamiliesUSA.org facebook / FamiliesUSA twitter / @FamiliesUSA